

RE Revision Year 8 – Spring Assessment

Overview:

In your assessment you will be answering the following types of questions -

- Definitions (2 marks) x 2
- Describe (5 marks) x 2
- Explain (8 marks) x 2

Questions will be based on the Topics covered so far this year –
Sikhism and The Mass

*Don't forget you need to use the PEE structure when paragraphing answers - **Point Evidence Explain***

Definitions (2 marks) - Learn the meaning of the following

Khalsa – A community of initiated Sikhs. Sikhs who have undergone the Amrit ceremony.

Khanda – The symbol of Sikhism

5 K's – 5 items that Khalsa Sikhs wear

Guru Nanak – The founder of Sikhism

Trinity – The Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit.

The Mass – The weekly celebration of receiving the Eucharist

Eucharist -Remembering the death and resurrection of Christ with bread and wine

Omnipotent – God is all powerful

The teachings of Guru Nanak:

1, There is only one God

Guru Nanak created the Mool Mantra. He said there is only one God and truth is his name. This was the basis of the new religion he started. He began Sikhism out of Hinduism and Islam.

2. He had a Religious experience.

He disappeared into the river and reappeared again three days later during which time he met God When he came out of the river. Guru Nanak said "There is no Hindu and no Muslim" He believed everyone was the same in God's eyes. This was the start of Sikhism

4. He Taught all Sikhs should help others.

He showed this when he gave the money to the 20 poor religious men that his Dad had given him to set up business. He inspired people to do the same and was a great example and teacher. The langar is used by Sikhs today to show charity.

5. He taught all Sikhs should tell the truth.

Revision Tasks: (Tick these off when you have completed them)

- ☐ Complete your knowledge organiser
- ☐ Highlight keypoints on your revision sheet
- ☐ Create revision flash cards using the content on your revision sheet
- ☐ Create a spider diagram using the content. Include pictures and images to keep it visual.
- ☐ Learn/Test yourself using your revision resources
- ☐ Create examples of exam questions using the content and practice answering them

He went back and told the truth to his Dad when he had given all the money to the 20 poor priests that his Father had given him to set up business. Sikhs should copy his example and be true to themselves and their faith

The 5k's:

1. **Kirpan** – This is the sword. It represents the fight for truth and justice.
2. **Kesh** – It is uncut hair. It shows commitment and obedience to God. It is kept in place by a turban.
3. **Kara** - It is a bracelet worn to show the oneness of God and reminds Sikh's daily of their faith.
4. **Katchera** – Worn to remind Khalsa Sikhs of their commitment to no sex before marriage. A symbol of purity.
5. **Kanga** – A comb used by Sikhs to maintain their hair. It symbolises cleanliness. They are tidy and have respect for themselves.

The Mass

1. **Welcome** (Gathering)
2. **Penitential Rite** (Saying we are sorry)
3. **Liturgy of The Word** (The readings)
4. **Liturgy of The Eucharist** (Prayer over the gifts)
5. **Communion Rite** (receiving communion) Transubstantiation
6. **Concluding Rite** (Go in peace to love and serve the Lord.)

Signs and Symbols of the Mass

- **Candles** - represents light in darkness
- **Vestments** - represents the priest taking on the new identity of Jesus
- **Crucifix** - A sign of Jesus' sacrifice and God's love
- **Altar** - the table of sacrifice
- **Bread** - transforms into the body of Jesus
- **Chalice** - holds the blood of Jesus
- **Sign of peace** – A sign of unity
- **Sign of the cross** – Saying whose name we gather in

Nature of God

- Omnipotent – all powerful. In the book of **Genesis**, God is described as the creator of everything
- Omniscient – all knowing
- Omnibenevolent – all loving

The Trinity

- Oneness of God
- **The Father** – Creator, like a loving parent
- **The Son** – God in human form as Jesus, gave his life for humanity
- **The Holy Spirit** – God's power on earth, can take any form

The Trinity is important as it reminds Christians that God is one but there are three distinct persons of the Trinity that Christians can relate to, can help guide them and they can look up to for help.



Challenge:

- Give definitions for each key term listed on your revision sheet without looking
- Write 2 x PEE paragraphs on each topic listed on your PLC (this will help you with your B questions)
- Write 4 x PEE on one topic of your choice from the revision sheet